



Regional seminar with Eastern Partner countries "Policies and Tools for Enforcement of Environmental Compliance"

Wednesday, 17 November 2021, Zoom

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Item 2. Environmental compliance assurance systems in EaP economies: Case study of Armenia

Preliminary findings















Timeline and approach to the environmental compliance assurance system (CAS) reviews

Research and drafting



July 2020 - June 2021

- Secondary research
- Information requests
- Virtual interviews with stakeholders
- Surveys (Moldova)

Discussion of preliminary findings with country stakeholders



Finalisation



Publication

 Virtual discussion with Armenia

15 Sept. 2021

28 June 2021

 Virtual discussion with Moldova

June 2021 - Nov. 2021

 Addressing comments from government stakeholders

17 Nov. 2021

Dec. 2021 - Jan. 2022

 Presentations at the second virtual regional seminar on environmental compliance assurance









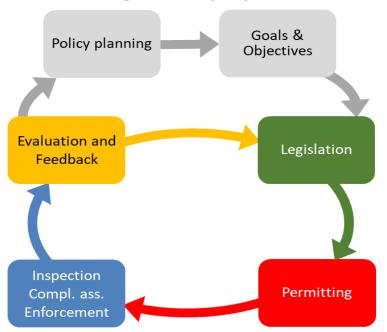






The legislative and permitting regime has a direct impact on environmental compliance and compliance monitoring

Regulatory cycle



Source: IMPEL "Doing the Right Things" methodology

- Steps are interrelated
- A missing or underdeveloped step effects the steps that follow

e.g.

- Inspection is ineffective if permits or legislation are inadequate
- Monitoring makes sense only if an inspection system is in place















Armenia's legislative and permitting framework for environmental compliance assurance would benefit from a multi-media approach

Positive characteristics

- ✓ The main **environmental legislation** is in place
- ✓ **Public consultation** on environmental policy
- ✓ Improved transparency in mining legislation
- ✓ Environmental permitting is being digitised

- Review environmental regulations and consultation tools on env. policy
- → Streamline the **permitting procedure** and smoothen **inter-ministerial co-operation**
- → Finalise **permit digitisation**
- → Move towards a multi-media approach to permitting
- → Examine how toxicity can be considered in permits















The institutional set-up for compliance assurance in Armenia includes an independent inspection body

Government of Armenia



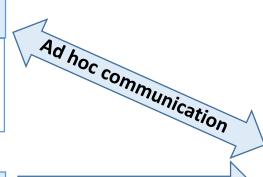
Ministry of Environment

- Environmental policy and permits
- Overall supervision
- Yearly evaluation of the EPMIB



Hydrometrology and Monitoring Centre SNCO

Environmental monitoring and information provision



Ad hoc co-operation

Action implemented by:

Prime Minister's Office

- Oversight over the EPMIB's activities
- Yearly evaluation of the EPMIB
- Can trigger ad hoc inspections



Environmental Protection and Mining Inspection Body (EPMIB)

- Ensuring of compliance
- •Division of Laboratory Examination participates in control















The institutional set-up would benefit from some improvements

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Separation of inspection and policymaking functions
- ✓ Regional branches of the EPMIB
- ✓ State financing of the EPMIB
- ✓ Participation of the EPMIB in capacitybuilding
- ✓ Yearly evaluation of the EPMIB
- ✓ Inspector rotations and regular training
- ✓ Plans of the EPMIB for an electronic control system

- → Have an up-to-date overview of all permitted entities
- → Carry out a **training programme** for inspectors
- → Establish **regular communication** between the EPMIB and the Ministry of Environment
- Clarify mandates of the EPMIB and the Ministry of Environment
- → Have clear and objective **evaluation criteria** for the EPMIB
- → Examine whether the EPMIB's **budget** is sufficient
- → Improve **information management** of the EPMIB





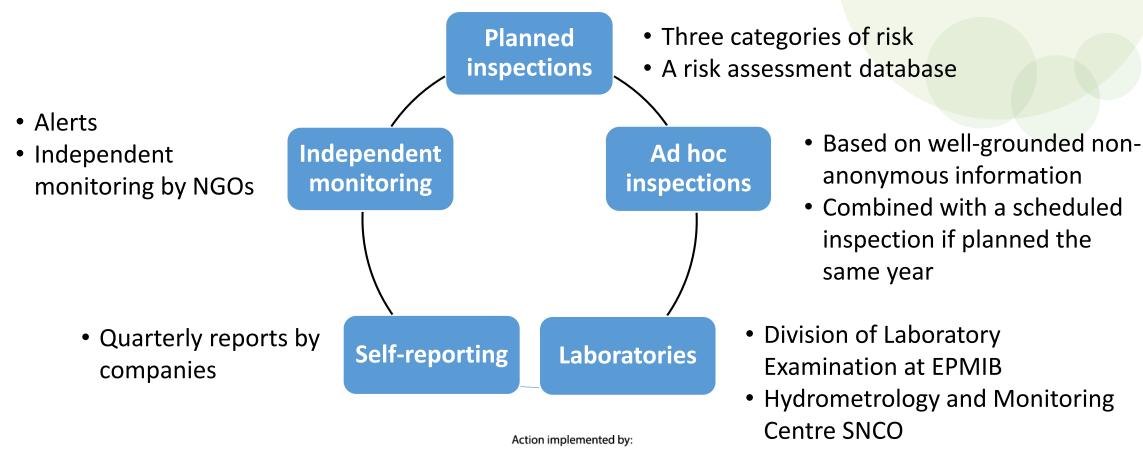








Armenia monitors environmental compliance using many channels

















Armenia's monitoring of compliance stands to gain from several actions

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Variety of tools for monitoring and alerts
- ✓ Risk-based inspections
- ✓ A risk assessment database
- ✓ An inspection guidance document
- ✓ Two monitoring laboratories
- ✓ Quarterly monitoring reports
- ✓ Action to reduce reporting frequency of smaller polluters
- ✓ NGO independent studies

- → Finalise the laboratory **accreditation**
- → Ensure a response mechanism for urgent environmental alerts
- → Examine the **number of planned inspections**
- → Enhance and simplify the **risk methodology**
- Update the laboratory technology, consider enhancing laboratory co-operation and outsourcing
- → Take into account NGO studies
- → Expand **self-monitoring**





The EPMIB uses penalties for non-compliance along an enforcement pyramid

Referring to the police of criminal cases, cases with high env. damage and repeat offenses

Proposals for permit revocations

Environmental payments (tax increases, damage payments)

Warnings and instructions















Armenia should tackle a range of enforcement issues

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Variety of penalties incl. warnings
- ✓ Fines proportionate to level of exceedance and reflecting the offender's history
- Assessment methodologies for environmental impact
- ✓ Plans to increase fine rates for non-compliance
- ✓ Obligation for mining companies to remediate env. damage
- ✓ Four-tier appeals process
- ✓ Some env. taxes directed to environmental projects

- → Adopt a comprehensive enforcement policy document
- → Consider establishing the use of warnings as the lowest most appropriate enforcement tool
- → Review the current system of environmental payments
- → Increase visibility and transparency in regards to the use of environmental payments
- → Review the court appeals procedure
- → Enhance legislation determining harm to the environment
- → Review the **environmental liability regime** and impediments to an **environmental insurance framework**
- → Review Armenia's current **spending on environmental priorities**















Armenia uses online information, awareness-raising, assistance and incentives to promote environmental compliance

Publishing information online	 Official websites Facebook page Plans to upload additional information
Awareness- raising measures	 Annual plans of awareness-raising measures Press briefings and conferences Plans to install information boards on fines in recreational areas Co-operation with the Ministry on a Lake Sevan video and activities
Assistance to comply	 Meetings with economic operators, NGOs and economic unions Developing guidelines on control of the environment in the subsoil sector
Incentives	 Green Economy Financing Facility (GEFF) "Energy Efficiency for SMEs" project





Armenia could consider several actions to strengthen its promotion of environmental compliance

Positive characteristics

- ▼ The Ministry of Environment and the EPMIB publish relevant information online
- ▼ The EPMIB's mandate includes awarenessraising measures and preventive measures
- ✓ The EPMIB prepares annual awareness-raising plans and plans to step up awareness-raising
- ▼ The Ministry of Environment and the EPMIB co-operate on awareness-raising
- ▼ The EPMIB conducts meetings with economic operators, NGOs and economic unions to provide information

- Use metrics to analyse effectiveness of information published online
- → Increase the detail of information related to environmental compliance published on the websites by taking the point of view of regulated entities
- → Step up awareness-raising activities to increase public awareness
- → Increase training activities on environmental compliance with regulated entities and publish information on such training online
- Examine measures that promote the adoption of green practices among companies to promote their compliance