



Regional seminar with Eastern Partner countries "Policies and Tools for Enforcement of Environmental Compliance"

Wednesday, 17 November 2021, Zoom

Ms Olga Olson, Project Manager, OECD















Item 3. Environmental compliance assurance systems in EaP economies: Case study of the Republic of Moldova

Preliminary findings















Timeline and approach to the environmental compliance assurance system (CAS) reviews

Research and drafting



July 2020 - June 2021

- Secondary research
- Information requests
- Virtual interviews with stakeholders
- Surveys (Moldova)

Discussion of preliminary findings with country stakeholders



Finalisation



Publication

 Virtual discussion with Armenia

15 Sept. 2021

28 June 2021

 Virtual discussion with Moldova

June 2021 - Nov. 2021

 Addressing comments from government stakeholders

17 Nov. 2021

Dec. 2021 - Jan. 2022

 Presentations at the second virtual regional seminar on environmental compliance assurance









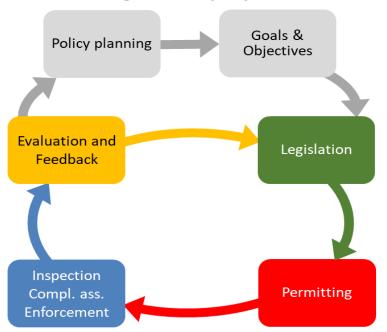






The legislative and permitting regime has a direct impact on environmental compliance and compliance monitoring

Regulatory cycle



Source: IMPEL "Doing the Right Things" methodology

- Steps are interrelated
- A missing or underdeveloped step effects the steps that follow

e.g.

- Inspection is ineffective if permits or legislation are inadequate
- Monitoring makes sense only if an inspection system is in place















Moldova's comprehensive legislation and transparent permitting would benefit from additional improvements

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Comprehensive legislation
- ✓ Progress on an integrated approach
- ✓ Involvement of stakeholders in policemaking
- Transparent and digitised permitting
- ✓ Government programmes promoting green practices

- → Review environmental regulations in place
- → Review private sector consultation tools
- → Streamline the permitting procedure and remove gaps in the operation of the digital permitting system
- → Evaluate impediments to the adoption of resource-efficient technologies
- → Move to a multi-media and a differentiated permitting approach







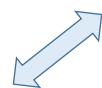






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Many institutions are involved in the compliance assurance system in Moldova



Ministry of Environment

Develops and monitors public policies

on permits and self-



Environmental Agency

Ensures policy

implementation

Reference Laboratory

Monitors the environment

Regular co-operation

monitoring reports

Regular co-operation

on joint inspections and sample collection



Ministry of Interior

Oversees the Inspectorate and sanctions inspectors

Inspectorate for Env. Protection

- Carries out control over implementation of regulations on env. protection and natural resource use
- Prevents, detects, examines and sanctions non-compliance

State Chancellery

Maintains the State Registry of Control

Prosecutor's Office

Approves ad hoc inspections















Moldova's compliance assurance institutional set-up could be streamlined

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Separation of functions
- ✓ Territorial divisions of the Inspectorate
- ✓ Ability of the Inspectorate to propose policy, and to comment on laws and permits
- ✓ Oversight over inspectors' performance
- ✓ State Registry of Control

- → Increase amount of staff working on permitting
- → Reduce the number of **territorial divisions**
- → Created a tailored inspector training programme
- → Consider a mix of general and specialised knowledge
- → **Reduce corruption risks** at the Inspectorate
- → Improve institutional co-operation
- → Streamline the **Inspectorate's reporting line**
- → Invest in Inspectorate's equipment and software











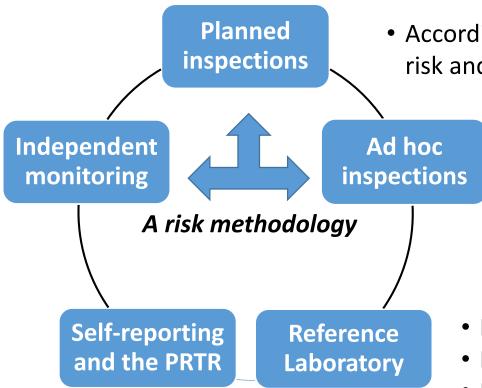




Moldova uses several channels for monitoring environmental compliance

- Hotlines
- Letters
- Official web pages
- Facebook
- EcoAlert application

- Annual reports by companies to the Env.
 Agency, checked by the Inspectorate
- Annual reports for specific activities to a PRTR



 According to annual plans based on risk and available resources

- In response to requests
- Must be approved by the Prosecutor's Office based on risk
- ISO 17025 certified as of 2021
- Monitoring activity is limited
- Publishes environmental information











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Moldova's multiple monitoring mechanisms, including risk-based inspections, can be enhanced

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Advanced risk methodology
- ✓ Publication of inspection plans
- ✓ Use of inspection checklists
- ✓ Accredited laboratory that takes part in capacitybuilding and provides information
- Development of a National Integrated Air Quality
 Monitoring and Management System (SNMGICA)
- ✓ Required self-reporting
- ✓ Work on a PRTR
- ✓ Various channels for alerts incl. EcoAlert application

- → Establish an **up-to-date permits database**
- → Enhance the **risk methodology** and its application
- → Improve inspection planning and inspections
- → Strengthen the **Reference Laboratory equipment**
- → Speed up the PRTR launch, establish a mechanism for checking PRTR reports, and ensure that the Inspectorate is a recipient of PRTR data
- → Ensure a **24/7 year-round fast response capacity**
- → Improve the **self-monitoring regime**
- Develop a process for keeping track of dealing with environmental complaints
- Publish more official environmental information and increase information on environmental monitoring















The Inspectorate imposes several types of penalties for non-compliance along an enforcement pyramid

Criminal penalties (fines, imprisonment)

Cessation of activity

License revocations

Administrative penalties and environmental payments

Verbal and written warnings













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Moldova's various enforcement tools are being reformed and should consider further improvements

Positive characteristics

- A variety of penalties
- Reparation of damage is a mitigating factor
- Ongoing amendments to improve the enforcement regime and increase penalties
- A five-step appeals process
- Slight increase in environmental charge rates
- Possibility to order polluters to repair environmental damage, using methodologies
- A dedicated fund (NEF) for spending environmental payments

- → Adopt a clear enforcement policy guidance document
- → Raise the level of **sanctions**
- → Introduce **uniform charge rates** for same type of pollution
- > Increase transparency about the use of environmental payments
- → Improve the appeals procedure
- Evaluate the effectiveness of public expenditure on environmental issues
- Examine the extent to which restoration is used
- → Address criticism facing the **NEF**
- → Establish an environmental insurance regime















Moldova uses online information, awareness-raising and assistance to promote environmental compliance

 * Environmental Agency website: laws and regulations, permit templates, lists of issued permits, information on permitting through the one-stop-shop, a tab on decision-making transparency, quarterly and annual activity plans and reports (also has a Facebook page) * Inspectorate website: laws and regulations, inspection plans and schedules, yearly results book, tab on decision-making transparency, news (also has a Facebook page) * State Chancellery website: inspection plans and results * Environmental Agency: 2020 information campaign on ecological education, news on environmental protection topics, press releases, television interviews * Inspectorate: meetings, seminars, conferences, working visits, radio and TV shows, environmental activities, news articles on env. topics * Assistance to * Seminars and meetings with the private sector and NGOs to explain env. legislation 	Activity	Details
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comply • NGOs active in capacity-building activities		e en marchana de la companya de la c















Moldova's activities aimed at promotion of compliance could be improved in several ways

Positive characteristics

- ✓ Ambitious programme to promote the understanding of the green economy
- ✓ Relevant information published on websites
- ✓ Use of Facebook pages
- Active promotion of awareness about environmental protection
- ✓ Meetings with the private sector to explain environmental regulations
- ✓ NGOs active in environmental education and capacity-building

- → Use metrics to check the take-up and usefulness of online information
- → Improve **information provision online** by taking the user point of view
- → Make information about inspection results more transparent
- → Organise awareness-raising and training activities about environmental compliance assurance institutions and environmental regulations more frequently









