

The State Sub-Agency Department of Environmental Supervision

Monitoring of environmental compliance – Results of Inspections

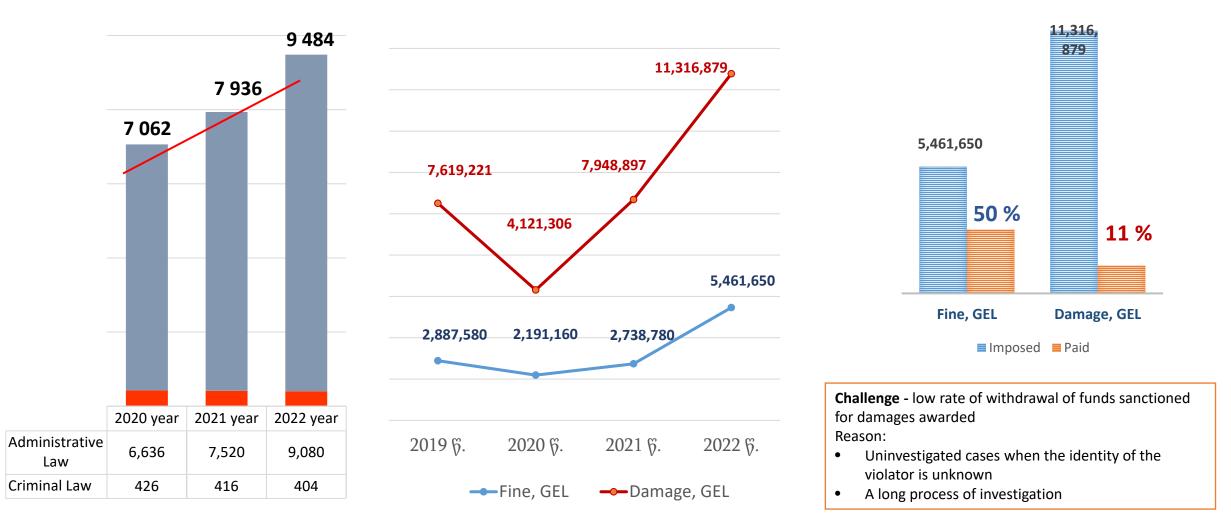
Neli Korkotadze -Deputy Head of the Department – Chief State Inspector

## **Inspection and Patrolling results**

The dynamics of detection of law violations, 2020-2022 years

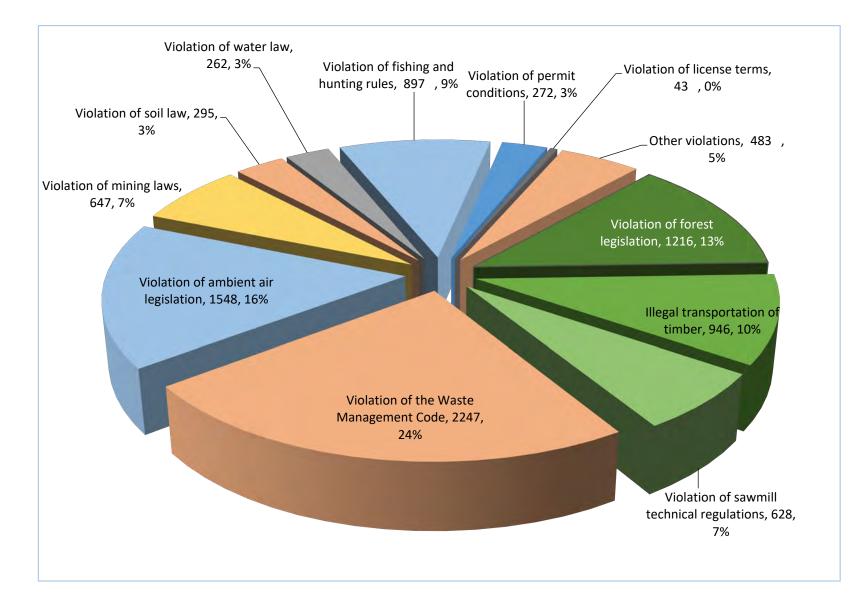
fine, damage to the environment, 2019-2022 years

Payment - fine, damage, 2022 year





### Law violations structure 2022





# **Environmental Inspection**

- Planned inspection activities In accordance with the 2022 inspection plan of regulatory facilities approved by the head of the environmental supervision department
- Unplanned inspection activities In order to verify citizen complaints, information received on the "hot line" (153), management of agencies/organizations, as well as the fulfillment of obligations imposed on the basis of the previous inspection.
- Inspection and study of the activity of objects and enterprises - In order to respond to messages received on the "hotline", to obtain general information about the activity of the facility, to implement preventive measures

#### **Inspection plan - 2022**

- Checking compliance of the facility's activities with environmental legislation (71)
- Prioritized activities
- Activities of ambient air polluting facilities (metallurgy, chemical industry, production of cement, gypsum, asphalt and others);
- Activities of waste treatment/recovery enterprises (recycling of batteries, scrap containing lead, recycling of used oil, recovery of rubber technical products, plastic waste and others);
- In order to prevent damage to the environment during the construction stage of infrastructure projects (power plants, railways and others);
- Regional priorities

## **Environmental Inspection**



# Inspection of objects under the regulation

2020 year. – 1 760

2021 year. – 2 151

2022 year. – 3 598

#### Planned and Unplanned Inspection Activities -2022

| Total 353   |     |
|---|-----|
| <ul> <li>Inspection of vessels entering the ports of Georgia</li> </ul>                                       | 255 |
| <ul> <li>Samples from agricultural crops to identify species of<br/>genetically modified organisms</li> </ul> | 20  |
| <ul> <li>Special hunting/fishing license</li> </ul>   | 7   |
| <ul> <li>Special license for timber production, forest fund territory</li> </ul>                              | 7   |
| Object of environmental decision  | 64  |

### Administrative correspondence

In order to eliminate the identified violations within a reasonable period of time or refrain from any actions, administrative letters were submitted –

- 2021 year 96 objects under the regulation
- 2022 year 191 objects under the regulation

# With the request for restriction of activity (full or partial)

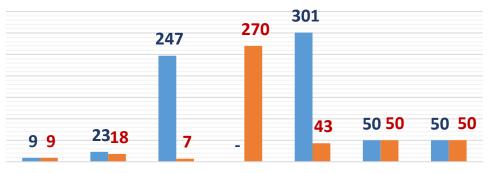
In 2022, administrative letters were submitted to 84 objects under the regulation

#### **Depend on Inspection process -**

Proposals were developed regarding the cancellation of special 3 licenses for timber production

### **MOTOR FUEL QUALITY CONTROL**

Number of fuel samples, 2016-2022



2016 year 2017 year 2018 year 2019 year 2020 year 2021 year 2022 year

Gasoline Diesel

### CONTROL OF PLASTIC AND BIODEGRADABLE BAGS

#### 2022 year. October -

79 facilities were inspected (46 violations);

Sealed - more than 1 million 300 thousand parks.

### CONTROL OF GENETICALLY MODIFIED LIVING ORGANISMS

#### 2022 year. – 100 samples were taken.

- No violations were detected in gasoline samples;
- In 29 diesel samples, the fuel quality did not meet the norms

#### 2021 year. – samples taken from crops at 20 sites;

#### 2022 year. – samples taken from crops at 20 sites;

• As a result of laboratory research, the fact of the introduction of a genetically modified living organism into the environment was not revealed



Air Monitoring – electronic system

2021 from June 1

# **ELECTRONIC CONTROL MECHANISMS**

The electronic system for continuous instrumental self-monitoring of hazardous substances from stationary pollution sources was launched.

Continuous data acquisition in the central storage of the system is performed through the devices installed on the source (pipe) of the release of harmful substances.

- The obligation concerns 94 large stationary facilities, of which up to 55 are operational.
- Improvement/development of the electronic system (development of reporting modules)

Currently, 15 companies are registered



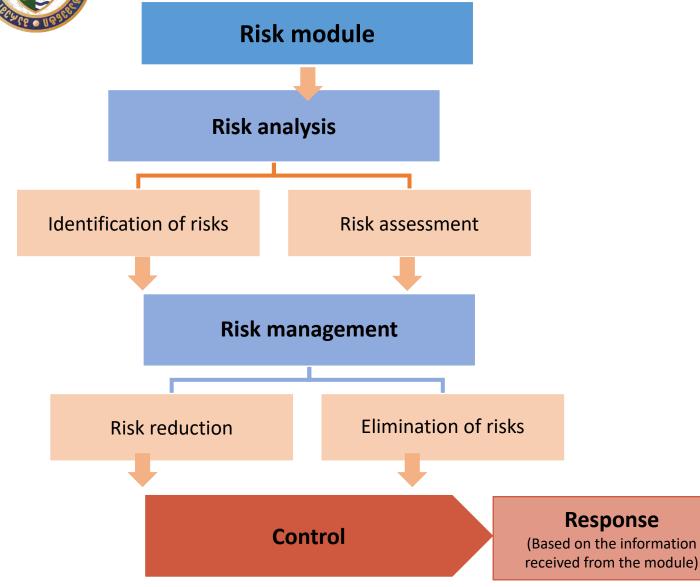


Challenges

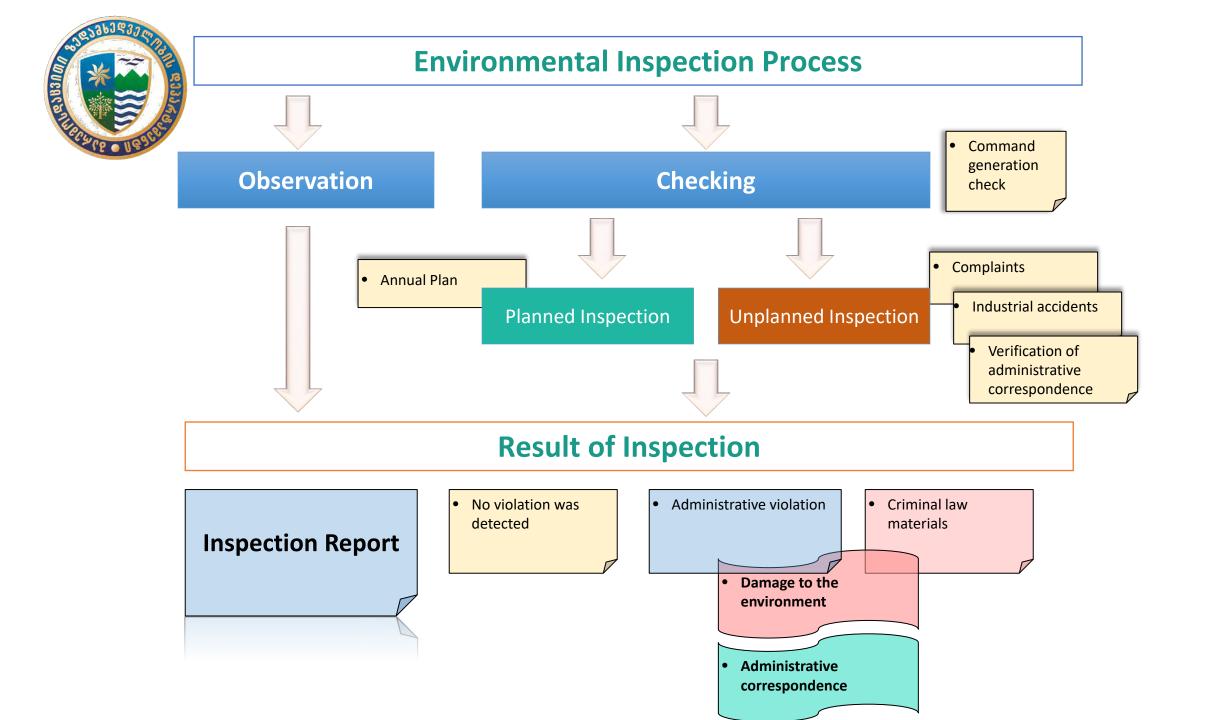
Strengthening Inspection Capacity



# **Challenge -** Strengthening of Analytical Activities



- Creation of a unified electronic map (GIS)
- > Filing of registered regulatory objects with reference to activity
- Reflecting the coordinates of the facts of the illegal activity with reference to the activity
- Allocation of priority areas
- Creation of risk assessment forms
- Risk assessment methodology
  - Statistical data analysis
  - > Theoretical analysis of cause-and-effect relationships
  - Expert assessment based on established indicators
- A single integrated system with risk assessment methodology





Determining the minimum number of objects to be inspected

Determination of priority areas of inspection

Analysis of regulation objects

Analysis of budgetary and personnel resources required for inspections

Methodology for determining the priorities of planned inspections of regulated objects - Minister's Order No. 2-616, 03.07.2019

## **Challenge –** Scheduling Inspections

#### **Problem**

- Establishment of clearer criteria for assessment of objects of regulation;
- Lack of information about the objects of regulation;
- High probability of unplanned inspections and complaints;
- Complexity of regulation objects;
- Use of complex checks, which increases the duration of the inspection;
- Lack of human resources and insufficient qualifications



### Challenge - Lack of inspection facilitation mechanisms

#### Ongoing activities -

- There is an internal electronic information system -"Base Inspector" (2007);
- The development of a new "Electronic Inspection Management System" based on a modern platform is in progress (2022-2023);
- "Electronic Forest Inspection Act and Report" is being developed (2023);
- "Electronic Refrigerant Management System" is being developed (2022)

#### Problems -

- There is no unified structure and design of inspection reports;
- Checklists should be developed for all types of activities;
- It is difficult to control the fulfillment of the obligations established by the administrative letter due to the absence of the corresponding electronic module.

#### **Problem**

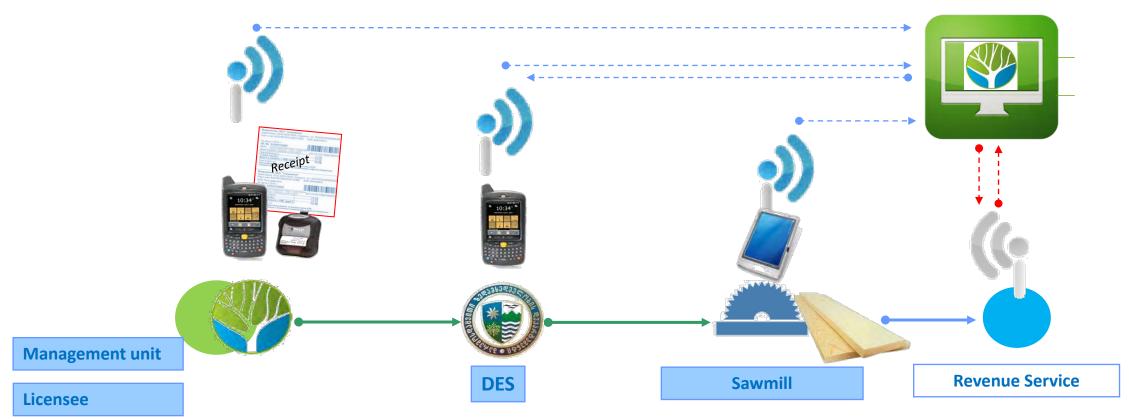
- Timber/primary processing product traceability mechanisms are imperfect;
- There is a high risk of repeated use of an illegally obtained product with documentation confirming legality

#### Solutions

- 1. Integrating the electronic system of timber resource management with the electronic bill of lading system of the Revenue Service;
- 2. Implementation of a unified electronic accounting system for transportation of timber and primary processing products;
- 3. Implementation of the electronic document of timber origin

### **Improved information transfer scheme**

Electronic system of management of timber resources





# Thank you for your attention!

The Department of Environmental Supervision of Georgia Hot line - 153 <u>info@des.gov.ge</u> <u>www.des.gov.ge</u>